

# All Hands Agree.

Brown's Iron Bitters gives new vigor, new vitality, perfect health.

Brown's Iron Bitters is an infallible remedy for nervousness and excessive weakness.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS MADE ME A BIG, STRONG, HEALTHY BOY.

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

### New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—[Special]—The volume of business at the stock exchange showed a material falling off today, the transactions aggregating 273,000 shares against 385,000 yesterday. The fresh legal proceedings against the Reading combine, instituted by the attorney general of New Jersey, led to a weak market at the opening this morning. Reading fell off about one and one-half percent, while the remainder of the list yielded 1/4 to 1/2 percent in sympathy.

New England was the only stock outside of the coals that declined over a point. It sold down to 45 1/2 from 47 1/2 last night. The market subsequently became strong and advanced under the leadership of industrials. Distilling and cattle feeding rose from 63 1/2 to 65. National cordage 1/2 and American tobacco 1/4. New England rallied to 46 1/2. Toward the close activity in money had the effect of inducing another raid upon the list, but the only noteworthy decline was in New England, which sold as low as 45.

Northern Pacific regained part of yesterday's loss, Jersey City rallied 1 percent, from the lowest, National Linseed Oil, after rising 3 1/2 to 38 1/2, reacted to 36 1/2. In a majority of instances the net changes for the day were only 1/4 to 1/2 either way. The market closed weak. New England commanded as high as 1/2 per cent for use early in the day, but afterward went flat. Commercial bar silver near the close fell to 85 1/4 @ 85 1/2.

Exchange weaker at 484 1/2 @ 487. Commercial bills, 483 1/2 @ 484 1/2. Money firm at 5 @ 8, closing offered at 6. Sub-treasury balances—gold, \$94,925,000; currency, \$8,675,000. Government bonds firm—4 1/4 to 114 1/2. State bonds dull.

Ala. CA 2-38.101 1/2	N. & W. pref. 40 1/2
do Cl B. 58.104	N. Pac. pref. 18
N. C. 68.123	N. Pac. pref. 50 1/2
do 48.123	Pac. Mail. 32 1/2
S. C. con. Br. 98 1/2	Reading. 57 1/2
Tenn. 68.101 1/2	R. & W. P. T. 8 1/2
Tenn. 68.103	Rock Island. 81 1/2
Tenn. 68.103	St. Paul. 73 1/2
Vir. 68.103	St. Paul pref. 123 1/2
Vir. consols. 38	Tex. Pac. 11 1/2
do. pref. 112 1/2	Union Pac. 40 1/2
Del. & Lack. 153 1/2	N. J. Cen. 128 1/2
Erie. 26 1/2	Mo. Pac. 61 1/2
East Tenn. 42 1/2	West. Union. 98 1/2
Lake Shore. 132 1/2	Cot. Oil T. C. 45 1/2
L. & N. 68 1/2	Brunswick. 8
Mem. & Char. 50	Mob. & O. 61 1/2
Mob. & O. 35 1/2	Silver cert. 86
N. & C. 83 1/2	Sugar. 109
N. O. Pac. 84 1/2	Sugar Pfd. 101 1/2
N. Y. Cen. 110 1/2	

### Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—[Special]—Leading futures ranged as follows:

WHEAT—	Op. g.	H. g.	Cl. g.
October.....	73 1/2	73 1/2	73 1/2
December.....	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2
CORN—			
October.....	42	42 1/2	42
December.....	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2
May.....	46	46 1/2	45 1/2
OATS—			
November.....	30 1/2	30 1/2	29 1/2
December.....	31	31	30 1/2
MEAT—			
November.....	11 95	11 95	11 85
January.....	13 25	13 25	13 10
LARD—			
November.....	7 80	7 85	7 85
January.....	7 47 1/2	7 47 1/2	7 37 1/2
SHORT RIBS—			
October.....	10 37 1/2	10 50	10 37 1/2
January.....	6 87 1/2	6 87 1/2	6 77 1/2

Cash quotations: Flour dull and barely steady at late decline; No. 2 spring and red wheat, 73 1/2; No. 2 corn, 42 1/2; No. 2 oats, 29 1/2; mess pork, 11.85 @ 11.90; lard, 6.60 @ 6.65; short ribs, 7.75 @ 10.37 1/2; dry salted shoulders, 7.45 @ 7.50; short clear, 8.20 @ 8.25; whiskey, 1.15.

### Produce and Merchandise.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—[Special]—Wheat dull, easier, closing steady; No. 2 red, 78 1/2 store and elevator, 79 1/2; options dull, closing steady, 1/4 @ 1/2 under yesterday; October, 78 1/2; November, 79; December, 80 1/2. Corn quiet, firmer; No. 2, 49 1/2 @ 49 1/2 elevator, 50 1/2 @ 50 1/2; options closed dull, 1/4 above yesterday.

Oats firmer, less active; options fairly active, unchanged to 1/4 lower, steady; October, 34 1/2; November, 35 1/2; December, 36 1/2; spot No. 2, 34 1/2 @ 34 1/2; mixed Western, 34 @ 36. Coffee options closed barely steady, 15 @ 25 down; October, 15.25 @ 15.35; November, 15.10 @ 15.15; December, 14.85 @ 15.00; spot Rio quiet, steady. Sugar, refined steady, moder-

## A POPULAR NOVELIST.

Augusta Larned Is Also Familiar with All Forms of Newspaper Work.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—Miss Augusta Larned is of English ancestry on both sides, one of her forefathers being one of the first settlers in Charlestown, Mass. She spent her early childhood on her native farm, at Rutland, Jefferson county, N. Y., where the free range of wood and field fostered the intimate love and knowledge of country life, which she has interwoven so charmingly in her rural sketches. This ardent love of nature has made her both poet and essayist.

Her earliest school life was spent at the Potsdam academy, followed by a course of training at the celebrated Spingler institute when it was under the control of the Rev. Dr. Abbott. At the early age of eighteen she graduated from this institution and went to Alabama, where she taught for two seasons. Afterward she was connected with a school in Washington. While living there she met the Rev. Rufus Dawes, a Swedenborgian clergyman, who first urged her to write—in the form of books for children.

It was several years after this that she embraced literature as a profession, and it was with the encouragement of Oliver Johnson, the editor of The Independent, that she gained a recognized foothold on that paper and made her first pecuniary success. During three or four years she contributed many stories to this standard journal, the background of them being usually sketched in from her recollections of her country life. Of these stories from The Independent and other sources six volumes have been published.

In 1870 Miss Larned became the editor of The Revolution, a woman's rights paper established by Susan B. Anthony, and at the time Miss Larned joined it in the hands of Mrs. Laura C. Bullard. After eight months' hard toil on that paper she was forced by ill health to resign. She was then engaged in general newspaper work, contributing to Harper's Magazine, Bazar, Christian Union, The Golden Age, Health and Home, Independent, Liberal Christian and others.

She also published a volume of sketches entitled "Talks with Girls," and a book on Greek mythology called "Old Tales Retold," both of which extended into several editions. Her poems enriched The Evening Post, Christian Register, Appleton's Journal, The Atlantic, St. Nicholas and Scribner's.

In 1879 her work on Norse mythology was published. It was called "The Norse Grandmother; or, Tales from the Elder Edda." Her closest newspaper connection has been with The Christian Register, of Boston, for which she has written letters, stories, sketches and editorials. In 1885 she began a series of sketches in The Evening Post called "Village Photographs." These are in book form now, as are also another series called "The Roundabout Road."



AUGUSTA LARNED.

In these Miss Larned embodies finished pictures from memory's walls—glowing, mellow, restful. Her deep love of nature transmutes all ordinary scenes into things of beauty and joys forever, and her sketches of human nature—its hills and valleys, its sloughs and barrens—show a perception marvelously clairvoyant and sympathetic. These volumes belong to the New England classics, and will hold a prominent and cherished place on home bookshelves.

Miss Larned went to Europe in 1887, where she spent six months in Italy, and divided the other half of her year between Germany, France, Switzerland and England. During her absence she wrote more than fifty newspaper letters, all charmingly descriptive and refreshing. Since then she has been engaged chiefly in editorial work, correspondence and story writing.

Miss Larned has filled with conspicuous ability and aptitude all departments of journalistic work, except, of course, that of reporting, which line is totally unbecoming to her. She has spent nearly half of her life in New York city, where at one time she had an established home. About five months of every year she passes in her beloved New England.

For years she has been deeply interested in the progress of woman and liberal religious ideas. Her father was one of the early abolitionists, and she cordially shared his dislike of slavery. She has honored literature in many ways. Her themes are always elevated and touched with the enthusiasm and earnestness of a reverent nature. She has genius, learning, poetry, pathos and humor. Her presence is exceedingly gracious and gentle.

MEL R. COLQUITT.

## The Temporary Widowers.

American wives might recommend their spouses to copy the Viennese husbands, who are compelled to stay at home during the holiday season, when wife or children are seeking sea or country air. Instead of grumbling at a comfortable home without its mistress, the Viennese bachelors have formed a "Society of Temporary Widowers," whose members meet nightly at a special club to dine, smoke, play cards, enjoy music and pass a cheerful evening.

## THE SENECA GENERAL.

Interesting Notes of the Career of Grant's Indian Secretary.

General Ely S. Parker, the famous Indian who was General Grant's private secretary at Appomattox and elsewhere, is chief of the supply bureau of the New York city police department and as striking a figure as ever. He is a full blooded Indian, and may be considered in a sense the successor of the famous Red Jacket. He now wears side whiskers and a goatee, the latter coming to a sharp point and curved for with that attention characteristic of the man.

His high cheek bones are his most prominent features. These make him almost cadaverous, their effect being heightened by big, shaggy eyebrows.

His sixty-four years sit lightly, and he is apparently as erect and firm of foot as ever. An interesting point in his reminiscences is that GENERAL E. S. PARKER, his account of the famous interview at Appomattox differs materially from that of General Grant. The latter says that General Lee was startled at first that he was a mulatto; but General Parker adds that General Lee's face flushed with indignation, and that it seemed to him (Parker) that the negotiations were very likely to be broken off abruptly. General Lee evidently thought that a mulatto had been called on to do the writing as a gratuitous affront.

Of the 300,000 Indians in the United States about 6,000 are in New York state—viz., Seneca, 3,500; Onondaga, 400; Tuscarora, 400; Mohawks, 75; Cayuga, 75; straggling Mohawks, 200, with others unaccounted for. There is much difference of opinion as to their progress and capacity. General Parker is a Seneca, and as at the beginning of the war it was thought well to recognize that race he was encouraged to apply for a commission. He asked to be appointed as an engineer, but was refused, and went home greatly disappointed. A few weeks later he was surprised to receive a commission as adjutant from Secretary Don Cameron. He immediately started for Washington and was assigned to General Grant's staff. General Parker and General Grant were very close friends all during the former's service as the general's private secretary. It was his duty to write all General Grant's dispatches to staff officers and to the government, and they became such warm friends that when General Grant became president he appointed General Parker commissioner of Indian affairs.

## THE CONFEDERATE VETERANS.

Those Who Sleep in a Chicago Cemetery to Be Honored.

There is in Chicago an association that is not perhaps widely known to the people at large. It is founded on the events of the war of more than a quarter of a century ago, and its membership is made up of participants in that great conflict. There is good reason for the slight knowledge of this organization. While it numbers in Chicago nearly 7,500 members, 7,300 of these are sleeping their last sleep in Oakwoods cemetery, and the 200 survivors of the United Confederate Veterans have resolved, before they pass away, to erect a monument over the remains of their old comrades in arms.

This resolve, says the Chicago Herald, has passed the stage of resolve. The design for the monument has been accepted, the site selected, the money raised and the contract awarded. The monument will consist of a granite base sixteen feet square at the ground, gradually diminishing by a series of steps to a highly ornate square pedestal eleven feet high, above which rises a shaft surmounted by a decorative cap supporting an 8-foot bronze figure of a Confederate soldier. This figure represents an infantryman at Appomattox. He stands bareheaded and disarmed, his empty canteen and haversack on his right hip, his arms folded and his right hand grasping his broad brimmed hat.

The whole monument will be forty-six feet high. On the four sides of the pedestal there will be inserted bronze panels representing, respectively, "The Seal of the Confederacy," "The Call to Arms," "The Lost Cause," "The Eternal Sleep." The four corners of the die are broken into groups of polished granite columns with flat Romanesque capitals. Just below the die, in raised letters of polished granite, is the inscription, "Confederate Dead."

The contract calls for the delivery of the completed monument ready for unveiling July 1, 1893, although the exact date for that ceremony has not yet been fixed. It will take place during the month of July, however, and will no doubt be the occasion of the assembling of many thousands of the "boys in gray."

## Lafitte and His Men.

The freebooters commanded by the famous Lafitte, who terrorized the Gulf of Mexico for several years subsequent to 1806, called themselves subjects of the republic under the flag of which they sailed. They elected one freebooter "judge of the admiralty," another "administrator of the revenue," a third "secretary of the public treasury," a fourth "marine commandant" and so on. But Lafitte was king, and his word was law. The man who held the high sounding office of "judge of the admiralty" had, occasion, years afterward, to make a statement about this colony. It was to the effect that "the sole view and object of the persons comprising the colony was to capture Spanish vessels and property, without any idea of aiding the revolution in Mexico or that of any other of the revolted Spanish colonies." The island went by the name of Snake Island, because of the number of serpents.

## Costs Money to Hunt.

About \$4,500,000 are spent on hunting in Great Britain and Ireland independent of the expenses of carriage horses, covered backs and traveling expenses. There are 300 packs of hounds, and about 100,000 horses are required to follow them.

# CIDER! CIDER!! CIDER!!!

CLARET CIDER,  
CRAB APPLE CIDER,  
PIPPIN APPLE CIDER.

—AT—

R. J. Eckloff's,

No. 21 Jefferson Street.

Finest assortment of Canned Goods in the city.  
Shafer's Hams, finest in the city. Call and see me.

454

## ROANOKE DRESSED BEEF CO.,



STALL NO. 8, CITY MARKET.

N. RENSCH, Proprietor.

We buy and butcher Southwest Virginia stock.

Our's is a home enterprise, and our meats are butchered in Roanoke; not in Kansas City, St. Louis and other Western cities.

Give us a trial.

1813

## Special Low Railroad.

Excursion Tickets  
Will be sold at the rate of ONE CENT per mile each way, on October 20 and 21, good for four days, including date of sale, to

# VIRGINIA'S GRAND EXPOSITION

The occasion being

COLUMBIAN DAY,  
OCTOBER 21,

For which a most attractive programme is being arranged, which will be especially interesting to children.

On October 17, 19, 21 and 25

Will be given Pain's Splendid Historical and Pyrotechnic Show,

Paris, From Empire to Commune.

Over 300 people take part in each performance, giving a thrilling and most realistic reproduction of one of the most terrible revolutions that has ever occurred in the world's history. At intervals during the performance new and interesting specialties are introduced, including

Fancy and Trick Bicycle Riding,  
Startling Trapeze and Slack Wire Acts,  
Daring Feats of Horsemanship,  
Fancy and Græco-Roman Wrestling,  
Acrobatic Performances, etc.

Following the destruction of the city comes a magnificent display of fireworks, the finest ever seen in the South, lasting fifteen or twenty minutes. One of the most striking features of this is the

SUPERB AQUATIC FIREWORKS,  
in which the lake sees a one vast dazzling fountain of fire, the whole exhibition closing by a shower of 1,000 rockets.

## "DOC,"

The Famous Trotting Dog,

Commences October 17 racing each day against horses, ponies, bicyclists, etc.

## POULTRY EXHIBIT

Opened October 11 and continues until October 22. It is the largest and best show ever given under the auspices of the Society.

Cattle, Sheep and Swine Show,  
October 17 to 23, inclusive.

The entire promise one of the finest and most attractive exhibits that has ever taken place in the South.

A Grand Virginia Tournament October 18. Over 500 Knights will ride. To be followed by a Grand Coronation Ball at night.

Exciting Bicycle Races Oct. 20 and 21.

Rooster Orchestra, Australian Bird Orchestra and other free attractions going on in the grounds all the time.

ONLY ONE ADMISSION FEE, 50c.

Children half price.

Reserved seats for Pain's Show, 25c. 10 18 3t

## BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS.

## A FIRST-CLASS INVESTMENT.

We offer the best security in the city and pay semi-annual dividends.

## AS A SAVINGS BANK

this institution offers special inducements. Paid up shares \$50 each. Installment shares \$1 per month. Shares may be subscribed for at any time. For further information address

THE PEOPLE'S PERPETUAL LOAN AND BUILDING ASSOCIATION.

WM. F. WINCH,

Secretary and Treasurer.

Masonic Temple. Jan-17

## ROANOKE STREET RAILWAY SCHEDULE.

### SALEM DUMMY LINE.

EAST.	WEST.
Lv. Salem, Ar. Roanoke	Lv. Roanoke, Ar. Salem
6:15 a.m. 6:45 a.m. 7:15 a.m. 7:45 a.m.	8:00 a.m. 8:30 a.m. 8:45 a.m. 9:15 a.m.
9:30 a.m. 10:00 a.m. 10:15 a.m. 10:45 a.m.	11:00 a.m. 11:30 a.m. 11:45 a.m. 12:15 p.m.
12:30 p.m. 1:00 p.m. 1:15 p.m. 1:45 p.m.	2:00 p.m. 2:30 p.m. 2:45 p.m. 3:15 p.m.
3:30 p.m. 4:00 p.m. 4:15 p.m. 4:45 p.m.	5:15 p.m. 5:45 p.m. 6:15 p.m. 6:45 p.m.
7:15 p.m. 7:45 p.m. 8:15 p.m. 8:45 p.m.	

N. B.—Theater nights last train leaves Roanoke at 10:45; arrives Salem 11:15 p.m. Sundays, the first run is omitted.

Trains leaving Roanoke at 8:45 a.m. and 4:15 p.m. on Salem dummy line will have baggage car attached for carrying dummies' trunks, general baggage and merchandise, beginning May 25.

### VINTON ELECTRIC LINE.

Leave Roanoke.

6:00 a.m. 10:40 a.m. 3:20 p.m. 7:20 p.m.	
6:40 a.m. 11:20 a.m. 4:00 p.m. 8:00 p.m.	
7:20 a.m. 12:00 p.m. 4:40 p.m. 8:40 p.m.	
8:00 a.m. 12:40 p.m. 5:20 p.m. 9:20 p.m.	
8:40 a.m. 1:20 p.m. 6:00 p.m. 10:00 p.m.	
9:20 a.m. 2:00 p.m. 6:40 p.m. 10:40 p.m.	

W. F. CARR, General Manager.